



AVS

COLLEGE OF ARTS & SCIENCE (AUTONOMOUS)

Attur Main Road, Ramalingapuram, Salem - 106.
(Recognized under section 2(f) & 12(B) of UGC Act 1956 and
Accredited by NAAC with 'A' Grade)

 $(\textbf{Co-Educational Institution} \mid \textbf{Affiliated to Periyar University}, \textbf{Salem}$

ISO 9001 : 2015 Certified Institution)

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Syllabus for

B. Sc FORENSIC SCIENCE

CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM –

LEARNING OUTCOMES BASED CURRICULUM FRAMEWORK

(CBCS – LOCF)

(Applicable to the Candidates admitted from 2023-24 onwards)



VISION

• To attain excellence in the field of education by creating competent scholars with a touch of human values.

MISSION

- To accomplish eminence in the academic domain.
- To provide updated infrastructure.
- To educate value based education.
- To impart skills through efficient training programs.
- To cultivate culture and tradition with discipline and determination.



REGULATIONS

1. Eligibility for Admission:

Candidate seeking admission to the first year degree of Bachelor of Science in Forensic Science shall be required to have passed the Higher Secondary Examination conducted by the Government of Tamil Nadu or any other examination accepted by the syndicate of Periyar University, subject to such condition as, may be prescribed thereto, are permitted to appear and Qualify for B. Sc, Degree of this University after a course of three academic years.

2. Duration:

Bachelor Degree courses – Three year (six semester)

3. Eligibility for award of degree:

A Candidate shall be eligible for the award of degree only if he/she has undergone, the prescribed course of study in a college affiliated to the University for a period not less than three academics years, comprising six Semester and passed the examination prescribed and full filled such condition as have been prescribed there for

4. Course of Study:

The course of study shall comprise instruction in the following subjects according to the syllabus and books prescribed from time to time.

5. Scheme of Examination:

The scheme of examination of the different semester shall be as follows;

Total Marks:4700 Part I: 400 Part II: 400 Part III: 2800 Part IV: 1100

Total Credits: 140 Part I: 12 Part II: 12 Part III: 92 Part IV: 24

6. Passing Rules:

The Candidates shall be declared to have passed the examination if he/she

i) Theory

Secures not less than 40 marks in total (CIA mark + Theory Exam mark) with minimum of 30 marks in the Theory Exam conducted by the University.

ii) Practical

Secures not less than 40 marks in total (CIA mark + Practical Exam mark) with minimum of 18 marks out of 45 marks in the Practical Exam conducted by the University



	(Autonomous)
Progra	mme Outcomes (POs)
On succ	essful completion of the B. Sc Forensic science
PO1	Exhibit good domain knowledge and completes the assigned responsibilities effectively
POI	and efficiently in par with the expected quality standards.
PO2	Apply analytical and critical thinking to identify, formulate, analyze, and solve complex
102	problems in order to reach authenticated conclusions
	Design and develop research based solutions for complex problems with specified needs
PO3	through appropriate consideration for the public health, safety, cultural, societal, and
	environmental concerns.
PO4	Establish the ability to Listen, read, proficiently communicate and articulate complex
104	ideas with respect to the needs and abilities of diverse audiences.
PO5	Deliver innovative ideas to instigate new business ventures and possess the qualities of a
PO5	good entrepreneur
PO6	Acquire the qualities of a good leader and engage in efficient decision-making.
PO7	Graduates will be able to undertake any responsibility as an individual/member of
107	multidisciplinary teams and have an understanding of team leadership
	Function as socially responsible individual with ethical values and accountable to
PO8	ethically validate any actions or decisions before proceeding and actively contribute to
	the societal concerns.
	Identify and address own educational needs in a changing world in ways sufficient to
PO9	maintain the competence and to allow them to contribute to the advancement of
	knowledge
DO10	Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of management principles and apply these to
PO10	one own work to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environment.
<u> </u>	



Program	n Specific Outcomes (PSOs)						
After the	After the successful completion of B. Sc Forensic science programme the students are expected to						
PSO1	Impart education with domain knowledge effectively and efficiently in par with the expected quality standards for forensic science professional.						
PSO2	Ability to apply the mathematical, technical and critical thinking skills in the forensic investigations						
PSO3	Ability to involve in life-long learning and adopt fast changing technology to prepare for professional development.						
PSO4	Expose the students to learn the important of forensic science and criminology such as basic for forensic psychology, forensic chemistry, forensic toxicology, and forensic anthropology.						
PSO5	Inculcate effective communication skills combined with professional & ethical attitude.						

Progran	nme Educational Objectives (PEOs)						
The B.Sc	The B.Sc. Forensic science programme describe accomplishments that graduates are expected to						
attain wi	thin five to seven years after graduation.						
PEO1	Expertise with the knowledge forensic activities.						
PEO2	Handle forensic laboratory methodologies with respect to the examination and analysis						
PEU2	of evidence.						
PEO3	Develop oral communication skills for discussing the scientific method in a laboratory						
reos	setting and effectively testifying in a court of law.						
DEO.4	To analytically educate the necessity to understand the impact of cybercrimes and						
PEO4	threats with solutions in a global context.						
I							



CREDIT DISTRIBUTION FOR 3 YEARS B. Sc. FORENSIC SCIENCE PROGRAMME

Part	Course Type	Credits per Course	No. of Papers	Total Credits
Part I	Language – I (Tamil/Hindi/French)	3	4	12
Part II	Language – II (English)	3	4	12
	Core Courses- Theory	5	7	35
	Core Courses- Theory	4	5	20
	Core Courses- Practical	4	2	8
Part III	Core Courses- Practical	3	1	3
	Major Elective Courses- Theory	4	1	4
	Major Elective Courses- Theory	3	6	18
	Major Elective Courses- Practical	3	1	3
			Total	91
	Non Major Elective Courses	2	1	2
	Skill Enhancement Courses	2	7	14
	Professional Competency Skill Enhancement Course	2	1	2
Part IV	EVS (Environmental Studies)	2	1	2
	Foundation Course	2	1	2
	Internship	2	1	2
	Extension Activity (NSS/NCC/Physical Education)	1	1	1
			Total	25
			Total Credits	140



CONSOLIDATED SEMESTER WISE AND COMPONENT WISE CREDIT DISTRIBUTION FOR 3 YEARS B. Sc FORENSIC SCIENCE PROGRAMME

Parts	Semester I	Semester II	Semester III	Semester IV	Semester V	Semester VI	Total Credits
Part I	3	3	3	3	-	-	12
Part II	3	3	3	3	-	-	12
Part III	13	13	12	13	22	18	91
Part IV	4	4	4	6	4	3	25
Part V	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	23	23	22	25	26	21	140

^{*}Part I, II and Part III components will be separately taken into account for CGPA calculation and classification for the under graduate programmes and the other components IV and V have to completed during the duration of the programmes as per the norms, to be eligible for obtaining the UG degree.

METHOD OF EVALUATION

Evaluation	Evaluation Components					
	Continuous Internal Assessment Test	15				
	Assignments	3				
	Class Participation					
Internal Evaluation	Distribution of marks for Attendance (in percentage) 96 – 100: 5 Marks 91 – 95: 4 Marks 86 – 90: 3 Marks 81 – 85: 2 Marks	5	25 Marks			
External Evaluation		75 Marks				
		100 Marks				

Note: 1.UG Programmes- A candidate must score minimum 10 marks in Internal and 30 marks in External Evaluation.

2. PG Programmes- A candidate must score minimum 13 marks in Internal and 38 marks in External Evaluation.



CONTINUOUS INTERNAL ASSESSMENT

Categorizing Outcome Assessment Levels Using Bloom's Taxonomy

level	Cognitive Domain	Description
K1	Remember	It is the ability to remember the previously learned concepts or ideas.
K2	Understand	The learner explains concepts or ideas.
К3	Apply	The learner uses existing knowledge in new contexts.
I K4 I Anaivze		The learner is expected to draw relations among ideas and to compare and contrast.
K5	Evaluate	The learner makes judgments based on sound analysis.
K6	Create	The learner creates something unique or original.

Question Paper Blue Print for Continuous Internal Assessment- I& II

Duration: 2 Hours Maximum: 50 m					narks		
Section							
Section		K2	К3	K4	K5	K6	Marks
A (no choice)	10						10 X 1 =10
B (no choice)		1	1				2 X 5 =10
C (either or choice)				3			3 x 10 = 30
Total							50 marks

Note: K4 and K5 levels will be assessed in the Model Examination whereas K5 and K6 Levels will be assessed in the End Semester Examinations.



Question Paper Blue Print for Continuous Internal Assessment-I

Time: 2 Hours Total Marks: 50 Marks Minimum Pass: 20 Marks

Unit	Section - A	Section - B	Section - C
I	Q.N. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5	Q.N. 11	Q.N. 13 A, 13 B
I or II	-	-	Q.N. 14 A, 14 B
II	Q.N. 6, 7, 8, 9, 10	Q.N. 12	Q.N. 15 A, 15 B

$\underline{SECTION - A (10 X 1 = 10 Marks)}$

ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS

 $\underline{SECTION} - \underline{B} (2 \times 5 = 10 \text{ Marks})$

ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS

 $\underline{SECTION - C (3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ Marks})}$

ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS (Either or Choice)

Question Paper Blue Print for Continuous Internal Assessment- II

Time: 2 Hours Total Marks: 50 Marks Minimum Pass: 20 Marks

Unit	Section - A	Section - B	Section - C
III	Q.N. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5	Q.N. 11	Q.N. 13 A, 13 B
III or IV	-	-	Q.N. 14 A, 14 B
IV	Q.N. 6, 7, 8, 9, 10	Q.N. 12	Q.N. 15 A, 15 B

$\underline{SECTION - A (10 X 1 = 10 Marks)}$

ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS

 $\underline{SECTION - B (2 X 5 = 10 Marks)}$

ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS

 $\underline{SECTION - C (3 \times 10 = 30 \text{ Marks})}$

ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS (Either or Choice)



Question Paper Blue Print for Model Examination & End Semester Examination

Duration: 3 Hours			Maximum: 75 marks					narks
Section		K level						
		K1	K2	K3	K4	K5	K6	Marks
A (no choice, three questions from each unit)		15						15 X 1 =15
B (choice, one que	B (choice, one question from each unit)		1	1				2 X 5 =10
	Courses with K4 as the highest cognitive level				4	1		
Course with K5 as the highest cognitive level wherein three K4 questions and two K5 questions are compulsory.					3	2		5 x 10 = 50
each unit)	Course with K6 as the highest cognitive level wherein two questions each on K4, K5 and one question on K6 are compulsory.				2	2	1	
Total							75 marks	



Question Paper Blue Print for Model Examination & End Semester Examination

Time: 2 Hours Total Marks: 75 Marks Minimum Pass: 30 Marks

Unit	Section - A	Section - B	Section - C
I	Q.N. 1, 2, 3	Q.N. 16	Q.N. 21 A, 21 B
II	Q.N. 4, 5, 6	Q.N. 17	Q.N. 22 A, 22 B
III	Q.N. 7, 8, 9	Q.N. 18	Q.N. 23 A, 23 B
IV	Q.N. 10, 11, 12	Q.N. 19	Q.N. 24 A, 24 B
V	Q.N. 13, 14, 15	Q.N. 20	Q.N. 25 A, 25 B

$\underline{SECTION - A (15 \times 1 = 15 Marks)}$

ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS

 $\underline{SECTION - B (2 \times 5 = 10 \text{ Marks})}$

ANSWER ANY TWO QUESTIONS

 $\underline{SECTION - C (5 \times 10 = 50 \text{ Marks})}$

ANSWER ALL THE QUESTIONS (Either or Choice)



Question Paper Blue Print for Model Practical Examination & End Semester Examination (Practical)

Time: 3 Hours Total Marks: 60 Marks Minimum Pass: 24 Marks

Practical Marks	Maximum Mark	Minimum Mark
Internal	40	16
External	60	24
Total	100	40

Evaluation for End Semester Examinations (Practical)

Record	10 marks
Formula with expansion	05 marks
Observation with data	20 marks
Viva-voce	05 marks
Calculation	15 marks
Result with units	05 marks
TOTAL	60 MARKS

^{*}Submission of record with due certification is a must for external practical examinations.

^{**}A student should complete all requires experiments to get 10 marks for the record.



Scheme of Examination for B. Sc Forensic Science

First Year - Semester - I

Part	Course Code	Course Title	Ins. Hrs	Credit	CIA	ESE	Total
I	23UFTA01	Podhu Tamil - I	3	3	25	75	100
II	23UFEN01	General English - I	3	3	25	75	100
III	23UFS01	Core Course I - Basics Of Forensic Science	5	5	25	75	100
III	23UFS02	Core Course II - Basics Of Physics In Forensic	5	5	25	75	100
III	23UFSE01	Elective I - Basics Of Physics Lab	4	3	30	45	75
IV	23UFSFC01	Foundation Course – Basics of Event Management	2	2	25	75	100
IV	23UFSSE01	Skill Enhancement Course I - Crime And Society	3	2	25	75	100
	Total			23			

First Year – Semester - II

Part	Course Code	Course Title	Ins. Hrs	Credit	CIA	ESE	Total
I	23UFTA02	Podhu Tamil - II	3	3	25	75	100
II	23UFEN02	General English - II	3	3	25	75	100
III	23UFS03	Core Course III - Forensic Psychology	5	5	25	75	100
III	23UFS04	Core Course IV - Forensic Anthropology And Entomology	5	5	25	75	100
III	23UFSE02	Elective II - Forensic Anthropology And Entomology Lab	4	3	30	45	75
IV	23UFSSE02	Skill Enhancement Course II - Basics Of Computer Science	3	2	25	75	100
IV	23UFSSE03	Skill Enhancement Course III - Guidance And Counseling	2	2	25	75	100
	Total			23			



Second Year - Semester - III

Part	Course Code	Course Title	Ins. Hrs	Credit	CIA	ESE	Total
I	23UFTA03	Podhu Tamil - III	3	3	25	75	100
II	23UFEN03	General English - III	3	3	25	75	100
III	23UFS05	Core Course V - Forensic Chemistry	5	5	25	75	100
III	23UFSE03	Core Course VI - Forensic Chemistry Lab	5	3	25	75	100
III	23UFSE03	Elective III - Human Rights And Criminal Justice Administration	4	4	30	45	75
IV	23UFSSE04	Skill Enhancement Course IV- Introduction To Biometry	3	2	25	75	100
IV	23UFSSE05	Skill Enhancement Course V- Cybercrime And Cyber Law	2	2	25	75	100
	Total			22			

Second Year - Semester - IV

Part	Course Code	Course Title	Ins. Hrs	Credit	CIA	ESE	Total
I	23UFTA04	Podhu Tamil - IV	3	3	25	75	100
II	23UFEN04	General English - IV	3	3	25	75	100
III	23UFS07	Core Course VII - Forensic Dermatoglyphics	5	5	25	75	100
III	23UFSO8	Core Course VIII - Forensic Medicine	5	5	25	75	100
III	23UFSE04	Elective IV - Forensic Medicine Lab	4	3	30	45	100
IV	23UFSSE06	Skill Enhancement Course VI - Instrumentation	2	2	25	75	100
IV	23UFSSE07	Skill Enhancement Course VII - Computer Forensics Lab	2	2	25	75	100
IV	23UES01	Environmental Studies	1	2	25	75	100
	Total			25			



Third Year - Semester - V

Part	Course Code	Course Title	Ins. Hrs	Credit	CIA	ESE	Total
III	23UFS09	Core Course IX - Forensic Biology And Serology	5	4	25	75	100
III	23UFS10	Core Course X -Forensic Biology And Serology Lab	4	4	25	75	100
III	23UFS11	Core Course XI - Accident Investigation	4	4	25	75	100
III	23UFS12	Core Course XII - Project With Viva-Voce	4	4	25	75	100
III	23UFSE05	Elective V - Criminal Law And Special Law	4	3	30	45	75
III	23UFSE06	Elective VI - Introduction To Research Methodology	2	3	25	75	100
IV	23UVE01	Non Major Elective II- General Awareness	2	2	25	75	100
IV	23UFSSE07	Internships/Field Visit - Crime Scene Investigation With Police Department	-	2	-	-	-
	Total			26			

Third Year - Semester - VI

Part	Course Code	Course Title	Ins. Hrs	Credit	CIA	ESE	Total
III	23UFS13	Core Course XIII - Handwriting Identification And Recognition	5	4	25	75	100
III	23UFS14	Core Course XIV- Forensic Toxicology	5	4	25	75	100
III	23UFS15	Core Course XV - Forensic Ballistics	5	4	25	75	100
III	23UFSE07	Elective VII - Criminal Procedure And Evidence	4	3	30	45	75
III	23UFSE08	Elective VIII - Technological Methods In Forensic Science	4	3	25	75	100
IV	23UEX01	Core Elective III - Extension Activity	-	1	25	75	100
IV	23UFSPC07	Professional Competency Skill - Research Methodology Lab	2	2	30	45	75
	Total			21			

^{**}Ins. Hrs – Instructional Hours, CIA- Continuous Internal Assessment, ESE- End Semester Examination



Semester: I	Course Code: 23UFS01	Hours/Week: 5	Credit: 5
COURSE	TITLE: CORE COURSE I:	BASICS OF FORENSI	C SCIENCE

- 1. The students can understand History and Development of Forensic science
- 2. Students can understand Importance of forensic science in criminal investigations
- 3. To understand Techniques for securing and documenting crime scenes.
- 4. Understand the application of Collection and preservation of physical evidence.

Learning Objectives:

- 1. To understand the basic concepts of forensic science and activities
- 2. To understand the nature of crime and forensic science
- 3. To understand the crime and physical evidence in crime spot.

Unit - I	Basic Knowledge in Crime	09 Hours

Definition of crime, characteristics of crime, classification of crimes, A brief ideas about White collar crime, professional crime, organized crime, present scenario of crime in India

Unit - II	Investigation and Physical Evidence	10 Hours
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Crime scene Investigation: Definition of Crime Scene. Classification of crime Scene: indoor & Outdoor, primary & secondary, macroscopic & microscopic crime scene. Significance of crime Scene, argument and ethics of crime scene. Physical evidence: Definition, classification of physical evidence, types of physical evidences, sources of physical evidence, signification and value of physical evidence, linkage between crime scene, victim and criminal, study of some special crime scene such as mass disaster, terror attack, geological scene and explosive etc.

Unit - III	Basics of Forensic Science	10 Hours
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Introduction Global History and Scope, Need and Development Principles, emphasizing on Specific contribution of Scientists in the field of Forensic Science.

Unit - IV	Domains in Forensic Science	09 Hours
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Branches of Forensic Science, Police officers, Prosecution, Judicial Officers and Medico legal Expert etc. Role and Qualifications of forensic scientists. Code of conduct for forensic scientists, Ethical issue in Forensic Science, professional standards for practice of Criminalistics, sanction Against expert for unethical conduct.



Unit - V	Forensic Science Laboratory	10 Hours
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Structure and function of State and regional Forensic Science Laboratory, Central Forensic Science Laboratory and facility provided, Mobile Forensic Science Laboratory. Directorate of Forensic Science Service. Police and Forensic scientist relationship, role of FSL in criminal investigation, Relationship between forensic expert and judiciary officer, Importance of FSL, National and International scenario of FSL, facilities provided in forensic science laboratory.

Text Book(s):

- 1. B.B. Nanda and R.K. Tiwari, Forensic Science in India: A Vision for the Twenty First Century, Select Publishers, New Delhi (2001).
- 2. Suzanne Bell, Forensic Science: An Introduction to Scientific and Investigative Techniques, Fifth Edition, (2019)

Reference Books:

- 1. Forensic Science in Crime Investigation in written by B.S. Nabar, Asia Law House Hyderbad Edition,(2018)
- 2. M.K. Bhasin and S. Nath, Role of Forensic Science in the New Millennium, University of Delhi, Delhi (2002).

Web Resources:

- 1. http://onlinecourses.swayam2.ac.in/cec20ge10/preview
- 2. http://www.coursera.org/learn/forensic-science

Learn	Learning Outcomes:						
Upon s	Upon successful completion of this course, the student will be able to						
COs	Statements	Bloom's Level					
CO1	Understand the need and nature of forensic science	K1					
CO2	Classify the crime and crime spot physical evidence by a crime investigator	K2					
CO3	Discuss the role of a forensic scientist.	К3					
CO4	Familiarize oneself with the organization of a forensic science laboratory and equipment.	K4					
CO5	Review the history and development of the forensic science sub-disciplines	K5					
K1	K1 – Remember, K2 – Understand, K3 – Apply, K4 – Analyze, K5 – Evaluate, K6 – Create						



	Mapping (COs vs POs)								
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	S	S	S	M	M	L	L	L	L
CO2	S	S	S	M	M	L	L	L	L
CO3	S	S	S	M	M	M	M	L	L
CO4	S	S	M	M	M	M	M	L	L
CO5	S	S	M	M	M	M	M	L	L

S - Strong, M - Medium, L - Low

Semester: I Course Code: 23UFS02		Hours/Week: 5 Credit: 5		
COURSE T	TITLE: CORE COURSE II: I	BASICS OF PHYSICS I	N FORENSIC	

- 1. Overview of the role of physics in forensic science.
- 2. Understanding the fundamental principles of physics applied in forensics.
- 3. Examination of various types of physical evidence encountered in forensic investigations

Learning Objectives:

- 1. To understand the basic law in physics
- 2. To understand thermal physics and electromagnetic concepts
- 3. To understand the nuclear physics and its reactions.

Unit - I Mechanics	09 Hours
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Mechanics: Force, conservative and non - conservative force, rotational motion of inertia, Expression of M.I. of regular shaped bodies. Kepler's law. Acceleration due to gravity. Simple Harmonic motion and compound pendulum. Newton's law of motion.

Unit - II	Thermal Physics	10 Hours
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Thermal Physics: concept of temperature, ideal gas equation and its law. Vander Waal's



equation, reversible and irreversible process, Zeroth law, first, second and third law of Thermodynamics. Carnot's cycle.

Unit - III	Electromagnetism	09 Hours
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Electromagnetism: Coulomb's law. Electric field, Magnetic field due to current, Gauss's Theorem and its application, Ampere's law, Kirchhoff's law and their applications.

Unit - IV	Wheat- Stone Bridge	09 Hours
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Wheat-stone bridge and its sensitivity. Rectifiers, Amplifiers, semiconductor and its type of Junction. Paramagnetic, diamagnetic, ferromagnetic materials and properties.

Unit - V Nuclear Physics 11 Hour	S
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Nuclear Physics: Nuclear forces, nuclear models (elementary idea): Concept of nuclear quantum Number, magic numbers. Nuclear Reactions: Artificial radioactivity, transmutation of elements, Fission, fusion Radio Activity Half-life Period, Nuclear Reactor.

Text Book(s):

- Engineering Physics Seventh Enlarged, Revised Edition 2004, M.N. Avadhanulu and P.G. Kshirsagar, S. Chand and Company Ltd. ISBN 81-219-0817-5
- 2. Modern Physics Concept and Applications Sanjeev Puri, Narosa Publication

Reference Books:

- 1. Optics Ajoy Ghatak (3rd Edition) Mc. Graw Hill Co
- 2. William H. Hayt& John. A. Buck, Engineering Electromagnetic, Mc. Graw-Hill Companies, 7th Edition, 2009.

Web Resources:

1. https://:onlinecourses.swayam2.ac.in./nce19_sc05/preview



Learning Outcomes: Upon successful completion of this course, the student will be able to					
COs	Statements	Bloom's Level			
CO1	Understand principles of mechanics for analyzing forensic evidence involving motion and forces.	K1			
CO2	Apply thermal physics concepts to analyze temperature-related evidence in forensic investigations.	K2			
CO3	Analyze electromagnetic phenomena to interpret forensic evidence involving electric and magnetic fields	К3			
CO4	Utilize Wheatstone bridge and semiconductor principles for forensic analysis of electronic device.	K4			
CO5	Interpret nuclear physics principles for analyzing radioactive materials and nuclear reactions in forensic contexts	K5			
K1	– Remember, K2 – Understand, K3 – Apply, K4 – Analyze, K5 – Evaluate, K6 – C	Create			

Mapping (COs vs POs)									
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	S	S	S	L	M	S	L	L	L
CO2	S	S	S	L	M	S	L	L	L
CO3	S	S	S	L	M	M	M	L	L
CO4	S	S	M	L	M	M	M	L	L
CO5	S	S	L	M	L	M	M	L	L

S - Strong, M - Medium, L - Low



Semester: I	Course Code: 23UFSE01	Hours/Week: 4	Credit: 3		
COURSE TITLE: ELECTIVE 1: BASICS OF PHYSICS LAB					

- 1. Provide hands-on experience with essential forensic physics laboratory techniques
- 2. Explore the use of advanced instrumentation in forensic physics

Learning Objectives:

- 1. Demonstrate the basic law in physics
- 2. To understand the working of instruments in the physics laboratory.
 - 1. Standard operating procedures for using Vernier Caliper, Micrometer Screw Gauge, Travelling Microscope.
 - 2. To determine the value of 'g' by a compound pendulum.
 - 3. To determine the value of 'g' by a Katter's pendulum.
 - 4. To find the Moment of Inertia of a fly wheel about its own axis of rotation OR.
 - 5. Acceleration of a fly wheel.
 - 6. To verify Newton's law of cooling.
 - 7. To determine the Moment of Inertia of a given irregular body using a Torson pendulum.
 - 8. To demonstrate gravity of the Newton's law.

Text Book(s):

 Engineering Physics Seventh Enlarged, Revised Edition 2004, M.N. Avadhanulu and P.G. Kshirsagar, S. Chand and Company Ltd. ISBN 81-219-0817-5

Reference Books:

1. Optics – Ajoy Ghatak (3rd Edition) Mc. Graw Hill Co

Web Resources:

- 1. https://onlinecourses.swayam2.ac.in/nce19_sc05/preview
- 2. https://www.mooc-list.com/course/basic-physics-open2study



COs	Statements	Bloom's Level
CO1	Apply standard procedures for precise measurements using various instruments in physics experiments.	K1
CO2	Understand principles underlying compound and Kater's pendulum experiments to determine gravitational acceleration.	K2
CO3	Analyze and calculate the moment of inertia for rotating bodies using different experimental setups.	К3
CO4	Verify Newton's law of cooling and its implications in thermal dynamics through experimental observations.	K4
CO5	Demonstrate understanding of gravitational force and its impact on objects through experimental validations.	K5

Mapping (COs vs POs)									
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	S	S	S	L	M	M	L	L	L
CO2	S	S	S	L	S	M	L	L	L
CO3	S	S	S	L	M	M	M	L	L
CO4	S	S	M	L	S	M	M	L	L
CO5	S	S	S	M	L	M	L	L	L

S - Strong, M-Medium, L-Low



Semester: I	Course Code: 23UFSSE01	Hours/Week: 3	Credit: 2			
COURSE TITLE: SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE I: CRIME AND SOCIETY						

- 1. Explore the historical and theoretical foundations of criminology.
- 2. Analyze the impact of social structures, inequality, and institutions on criminal behavior.
- 3. Investigate how factors like poverty, race, gender, and education contribute to the understanding of crime with in society

Learning Objectives:

- 1. To learn about the basic of crime activities.
- 2. To learn about the justice system in the crime.
- 3. Examine the role of institutions, such as the criminal justice system, in shaping responses to crime.
- 4. Explore contemporary issues in crime, including cybercrime, white-collar crime, and global perspectives on criminality.

Unit - I Understand the sociological perspectives on crime and its impact on society.	
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Basics of Criminology: Introduction Criminology - definitions and historical perspective - Social concept of Crime - Crime and deviance – Crime and society - Criminology as a social science - Criminology and medicine – Criminology and law - Crimes in changing society - Why crime is committed/ reasons, Characteristics, Crime and culture – Community - Social Context – Socio Cultural disparity. Socio economic disparity like unemployment, poverty, no proper distribution Of wealth etc. Desire/ moral, exposure to crime, drugs and liquors etc, psychiatry enjoying others Suffering.

Unit - II	Crime Typology	12 Hours
	Crime Typology	

Crime and Criminal Typology - crimes against persons and crimes against property; Adult and Juvenile –Habitual offenders, Professional offenders, and violent offenders Crimes against Nature and natural resources - Crime against community (caste, race etc). Crime against nation (Counterfeit currency, spread of disease, hazardous waste disposal etc). Crimes against humanity (Weapons of war, religious fanatics etc).



Unit - III	Economic and Financial Crimes	12 Hours
Unit - III	Economic and Financial Crimes	12 Hour

White Collar Crime – Nature, Meaning & forms, Import /Export violations, insider trading, labor racketeering, Embezzlement, Land hijacking/ Real estate fraud; Corporate crimes - Tax Evasion, Counterfeiting; Bank Frauds— Credit card frauds, Money Laundering, Insurance Frauds, Frauds by non-banking institutions - Corruption, Street crime: The Economic Context, Capitalist Development and Urbanization, The Illegal Economy - Teenage Thievery, Street Robbery, Urban Gangs- Gangs in Historical and Contemporary Context.

Unit - IV	Organized Crime	12 Hours
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Nature, Meaning and forms – Criminal syndicates – Organized crimes: Regional and international linkages – Transnational Organized Crime – Drug smuggling, Human Trafficking, Problems of identification, investigation and prosecution – Prevention and control strategies.

Terrorism: Nature, meaning and forms; Types of terrorism; Contemporary forms of terrorism.

Communal Violence: Historical Perspectives - Communal Violence in post- independence India

Recent Terrorist attacks in India.

Text Book(s):

- 1. S.H. James and J.J. Nordby, Forensic Science: An Introduction to Scientific and Investigative Techniques, 2nd Edition, CRC Press, Boca Raton (2005).
- 2. Crime, Justice, and Society: An Introduction to Criminology FOURTH EDITION Ronald J. Berger, Marvin D. Free, Jr., Melissa Deller, and Patrick K. O"Brien, 2015

Reference Books:

- 1. R. Saferstein, Criminalistics, 8th Edition, Prentice Hall, New Jersey (2004).
- 2. R. Gupta, Sexual Harassment at Workplace, LexisNexis, Gurgaon (2014).

Web Resources:

- 1. https://www.my-mooc.com/en/mooc/crime-justice-society/
- 2. https://www.futurelearn.com/courses/crime-justice-society



Learning Outcomes: Upon successful completion of this course, the student will be able to						
COs	Statements	Bloom's Level				
CO1	Understand the historical evolution of criminology and its role in shaping societal perceptions of crime.	K1				
CO2	Identify various types of crime and criminals, including economic, organized, and political offenders.	K2				
CO3	Analyze the socioeconomic factors contributing to criminal behavior, such as poverty and inequality	К3				
CO4	Evaluate the impact of white-collar crimes on society and the economy, including fraud and corruption	K4				
CO5	Demonstrate knowledge of counterterrorism strategies and measures to address communal violence effectively.	K5				
K1 – Remember, K2 – Understand, K3 – Apply, K4 – Analyze, K5 – Evaluate, K6 – Create						

Mapping (COs vs POs)									
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	S	S	M	M	M	M	M	M	L
CO2	S	S	M	M	M	M	L	L	L
CO3	S	S	S	L	M	M	M	L	L
CO4	S	S	M	L	M	M	M	L	L
CO5	S	S	L	M	M	L	M	L	L

S - Strong, $M-Medium,\,L-Low$



Semester: II	Course Code: 23UFS03	Hours/Week: 5	Credit: 5			
COURSE TITLE: CORE COURSE III - FORENSIC PSYCHOLOGY						

- 1. Explains Historical development and Legal and ethical considerations
- 2. Understand Preparation and presentation of expert testimony and its Legal challenges and responsibilities
- 3. Explain Psychology of interrogation, Ethics and best practices in interviewing
- 4. Applicable for Case studies and real-world applications

Learning Objectives:

- 1. The basic concepts of Psychology and its scope
- 2. The various perspectives of Psychology
- 3. The elements of brain and nervous system

Unit - I	Basics of Psychology	12 Hours
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Definition, goals and scope of psychology. Role of psychologist in society . Perspectives - Biological psychodynamic, Behavioristic, Humanistic, Evolutionary and Cognitive. Subfields of Psychology. Scope of Forensic Psychology. Duties and responsibilities of Forensic Psychologist

Nervous system - Introduction, Classification. Structure of brain and its parts. Significance of left And right brain. Structure and psychological importance in thought and language. Neurons Structure, Neural impulse generation and transmission, neurotransmitters and their function.

Unit - III	Cognition	12 Hours
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Introduction to cognition. Sensation Processes in sensation, types - receptors involved in each of The sensory modalities i.e., visual, auditory, gustatory, olfactory, tactile and others. Sensory Adaptation. Sensory threshold, Absolute threshold, Weber's Law.

Unit - IV	Psychology and Criminal Behaviour	12 Hours
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Psychopathology and personality disorder. Psychological assessment and its importance Serial murderers. Psychology of terrorism. Biological factors and crime – social learning Theories, psycho-social factors, abuse. Child abuse (physical, sexual, emotional), juvenile Juvenile sex offenders, legal controversies.



Unit - V Detection of Deception	12 Hours
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Tools for detection of deception – interviews, non-verbal detection, statement analysis,

Voice stress analyzer, hypnosis. Polygraphy – operational and question formulation techniques,

Ethical and legal aspectsthe guilty knowledge test. Narco analysis and brain electrical oscillation Signatures – principle and theory, ethical and legal issues.

Text Book(s):

- 1. Robert A. Baron, Girishwar Misra, Psychology, fifth edition, By Person 2000
- 2. Robert S Feldman, Understanding Psychology, McGraw Hill 2008

Reference Books:

- 1. Wayne Weiten, Psychology Themes and variations, Brooke/Cole Publishing Co.
- 2. J. Niehaus, Investigative Forensic Hypnosis, CRC Press, Boca Raton (1999).
- 3. R. Saferstein, Criminalistics, 8th Edition, Prentice Hall, New Jersey (2004).

Web Resources:

- 1. https://onlinecourses.swayam2.ac.in/cec19_cs03/preview
- 2. https://onlinecourses.swayam2.ac.in/nos19_hs02/preview

	Learning Outcomes: Upon successful completion of this course, the student will be able to			
COs	COs Statements E			
CO1	Understand the diverse perspectives in psychology and their application to forensic settings.	K1		
CO2	Explain the structure and function of the nervous system and its relevance to behavior.	K2		
CO3	Analyze sensory processes and their implications for forensic investigations.	K3		
CO4 Evaluate psychopathology, personality disorders, and their role in criminal behavior.		K4		
CO5	CO5 Demonstrate proficiency in deception detection techniques and understand their ethical and legal considerations K5			
K1 – Remember, K2 – Understand, K3 – Apply, K4 – Analyze, K5 – Evaluate, K6 – Create				



	Mapping (COs vs POs)								
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	S	S	S	M	M	M	M	S	L
CO2	S	S	S	M	M	M	L	L	L
CO3	S	S	S	L	M	M	S	L	L
CO4	S	S	M	L	M	M	L	L	L
CO5	S	S	L	M	L	M	M	L	L

S - Strong, M – Medium, L - Low

Semester: II	Course Code: 23UFS04	Hours/Week: 5	Credit: 5	
COURSE: CORE COURSE IV - FORENSIC ANTHROPOLOGY AND				
ENTOMOLOGY				

- 1. Students will attain a solid foundation in insect biology.
- 2. Students will develop the ability to read and interpret scientific papers in entomology and critically analyze the content.
- 3. Students will have working knowledge of the biology of bone and its association with forensic anthropology.
- 4. Students will be able to communicate effectively about topics in anthropology.

Learning Objectives:

- Students will be able to identify the bones and specific features of various. Skeletal
 Elements of the adult and subadult human skeleton in class, and on exams and quizzes.
- 2. Students will analyze individual skeletons to determine sex, age, stature, and ancestry From bones in a laboratory setting.
- Students will demonstrate how osteological techniques are used to create a Biological profile and to identify cause and manner of death in assignments.
- 4. Students will be able to apply forensic field methods in a mock excavation



Unit - I	Genesis and Development	10 Hours

Genesis and development of forensic anthropology, Typical skeletal terminology used in Forensic reports - skeletal direction. Histology and Chemistry of bones. Human skeleton - Axial and Appen dicular Skeletal system, along with their anatomy. Applications of Forensic Anthropology.

Unit - II	Introduction to Bone	8 Hours

Bones: Osteology; Definition, different types of bone cells, structure of bone. Anatomical Terminolology of Human body, Skull. Sexing skeletal remains: General consideration and age factors. Sex differences in skull, Pelvis and long bones. Calculation of stature of long bones: Studies on stature reconstruction in various population action groups, Estimation of race from bones. Time since death from bones- by clinical analysis.

Unit - III	Cranial Facial Reconstruction	10 Hours		
Craniometry and Cranial facial reconstruction: Forensic facial reconstruction Human facial				
anatomy including bones and	anatomy including bones and muscles anatomy of the facial features, facial tissue thickness			
With MRI and other methods, two- and three-dimensional method of facial reconstruction.				
Cranial facial superimposition: Anthropological study of skull, comparison of the facial				
Features of the human skull and the ante mortem photograph. Methods of Superimposition:				
Still photographic method, Vic	deo superimposition, and computerized	d technique General		
Entomology and insect biology - introduction, external anatomy, body regions, insect growth				

Unit - IV	Importance of Insects	10 Hours

blow fly, blue bottle fly, green bottle fly, flesh fly, house fly, cheese fly.

and development. Insects of forensic importance - introduction; flies- blow flies, hairy maggot

Beetles and their types - Carrion beetles, Skin beetles, Rove beetles, Checkered beetles, Hide beetles, Scrab beetles, Sap Beetles, clown beetles. Other arthropods of forensic importance-Introduction; Venomous arthropods, blood feeding arthropods; Scavangers. Collection of entomological evidence during legal investigations - introduction, entomological collection procedures at the scene, death scene, collection of specimens before, Body removal. collection of species away from the body. The role of aquatic insects in forensic investigation-introduction, decomposition in aquatic, ecosystem, marine ecosystem, case history.



Unit - V	Entomotoxicology	10 Hours
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Estimating post mortem intervals - introduction and estimating the postmortem interval. The soil environment- introduction; human decomposition; soil environment - as a matrix, affecting decomposition, microbial community in decomposition; soil fauna. Entomotoxicology - introduction; detection of drugs; impact of drug in insects. Forensic entomologist as forensic experts.

Text Book(s):

- 1. Introduction To Forensic Sciences
- 2. Forensic entomology: an introduction. John Wiley & Sons.

Reference Books:

- 1. D. Ubelaker and H. Scammell, Bones, M. Evans & Co., New York (2000).
- 2. S. Rhine, Bone Voyage: A Journey in Forensic Anthropology, University of Mexico Press, Mexico (1998)

Web Resources:

- 1. The Dirt on Forensic Anthropology Blog
- 2. https://fac.utk.edu/what-is-forensic-anthropology-2/
- 3. https://anthropology4u.com/category/forensic-anthropology/
- 4. The Forensic Anthropology Society of Europe (FASE)

Learn	Learning Outcomes:				
Upon s	successful completion of this course, the student will be able to				
COs	Statements	Bloom's Level			
CO1	Understand the genesis and evolution of forensic anthropology and entomology for criminal investigations.	K1			
CO2	Identify and interpret skeletal terminology, anatomy, and histology crucial for forensic analysis	K2			
CO3	Apply methods for sexing skeletal remains, estimating stature, race, and time since death	К3			
CO4	Master techniques for cranial facial reconstruction using various anthropological and technological methods.	K4			
CO5	Demonstrate expertise in insect biology, collection, and analysis for forensic entomology investigations.	K5			
K1	K1 – Remember, K2 – Understand, K3 – Apply, K4 – Analyze, K5 – Evaluate, K6 – Create				



Mapping (COs vs POs)									
PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 PO8 PO9									
CO1	S	S	S	M	M	M	M	L	L
CO2	S	S	M	M	M	M	L	L	L
CO3	S	S	S	M	M	S	M	L	L
CO4	S	S	S	M	M	M	L	L	L
CO5	S	S	S	M	M	S	M	L	L

S - Strong, M – Medium, L – Low

Semester: III	Course Code: 23UFSE02	Hours/Week: 4	Credit: 3			
COURSE TITLE: ELECTIVE II - FORENSIC ANTHROPOLOGY AND ENTOMOLOGY						
LAB						

1. Students will understand how Human remains helps in investigation

Learning Objectives:

- 1. Able to find Height of a person by using long bones
- 2. To understand types of bones that helpful for sex determination.
- 1. Guidelines, Collection and packaging of Skeleton remains
- 2. Sex determination using skull.
- 3. Sex determination using Pelvis.
- 4. To estimate the stature by using long bones
- 5. Demonstrate steps of facial reconstruction
- 6. Demonstrate steps of facial Superimposition
- 7. Guidelines, Collection and Preservation of entomological evidence
- 8. To analyze different types of insects, present in dead bodies.

Text Book(s)

- 1. Introduction To Forensic Anthropology
- 2. The Human Bone Manual
- 3. Corpses and Skeletons



Reference Books:

- 1. D. Ubelaker and H. Scammell, Bones, M. Evans & Co., New York (2000).
- 2. S.Rhine, Bone Voyage: A Journey in Forensic Anthropology, University of Mexico Press, Mexico (1998)

Web Resources:

- 1. "Bodies" Podcast: Episode on forensic anthropology and its role in solving crimes.
- 2. "Sword and Scale" Podcast: Includes episodes on forensic anthropology cases.
- 3. The Forensic Anthropology Society of Europe (FASE)
- 4. The Dirt on Forensic Anthropology Blog.

Teaching Methodology: Videos, Audios, PPT, Role Play, Field Visit, Seminar, Chalk & Talk, Lecturing. Case Study. Demonstration. Problem Solving. Group Discussion. Flipped Learning

Learn	Learning Outcomes:				
Upon s	successful completion of this course, the student will be able to				
COs	Statements	Bloom's Level			
CO1	Identify skeletal remains and apply appropriate collection and packaging techniques for forensic analysis	K1			
CO2	Utilize skull morphology for accurate sex determination in forensic contexts.	K2			
CO3	Employ pelvic features to determine the sex of skeletal remains in forensic investigations.	К3			
CO4	Apply methods using long bones to estimate stature accurately in forensic anthropology	K4			
CO5	Demonstrate proficiency in facial reconstruction and superimposition techniques for forensic identification purposes.	K5			
K1	– Remember, K2 – Understand, K3 – Apply, K4 – Analyze, K5 – Evaluate, K6 –	Create			

	Mapping (COs vs POs)								
	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 PO8 PO9								
CO1	S	S	S	S	M	M	L	L	L
CO2	S	S	M	M	M	M	M	L	L
CO3	S	S	S	M	M	M	M	M	L
CO4	S	S	S	S	M	M	M	L	L
CO5	S	S	S	M	M	L	M	L	L

S - Strong, M - Medium, L - Low



Semester: II	Course Code: 23UFSSE02	Hours/Week: 3	Credit: 2		
COURSE TITLE: SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE II - BASICS OF COMPUTER					
SCIENCE					

- 1. To provide basic knowledge about computer components.
- 2. To provide a skills in software and hardware with objectives
- 3. To create platform for learning complex techniques.

Learning Objectives:

- 1. Attain an in-depth knowledge of computing systems.
- 2. Develop problem-solving skills and use computational thinking to analyze problems.
- 3. Continuing to develop technical competencies

Unit - I Basics of Computers 10 Hours	
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History, Generation & Classification of Computers, Computer organization, of computer-

s – input output device, CPU, memory-RAM, ROM and external storage devices

Unit - II	Data Representations	09 Hours
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Data representations: integers, real, binary, octal hexadecimal & their conversions logic gates –Negation, OR, AND, X OR etc.

Unit - III Introduction to Operating System 10 Hours
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Introduction to Operating System: Basics of operating system, memory structure, concurrency, scheduling, file system, synchronization and memory management examples of operating systems Windows and Linux.

Unit - IV	Basics of Networking	10 Hours
Unit - IV	Basics of Networking	10 Hours

Basics of Networking- Components, Architecture, networking protocols, types of computer network, network topologies, network security- threats, vulnerabilities, Access control, virus, Trojans etc, security plan and policies.

Unit - V	Introduction to Internet	09 Hours
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Introduction to Internet: World Wide Web, E-mails, chat, search engines, connectivity. Internet Vs Intranet, virtual private network.



Text Book(s):

- 1. Cyber Forensic Concepts and Approaches by Ravi Kumar & B Jain, ICFAI University Press first edition 2006
- 2. Cyber Forensic Tools & Practices by Ravi Kumar & B Jain, ICFAI University Press first edition 2006

Reference Books:

 Forensic Computing: A Practitioner's Guide by A J Sammes & Brian Jenkinson. Springer Verlag London, 2nd edition 2007

Web Resources:

- 1. https://onlinecourses.swayam2.ac.in/nou20_cs03/preview
- 2. https://www.tutorialspoint.com/basics_of_computer_science/index.htm

Teaching Methodology: Videos, Audios, PPT, Role Play, Field Visit, Seminar, Chalk & Talk, Lecturing, Case Study, Demonstration, Problem Solving, Group Discussion, Flipped Learning

Learn	Learning Outcomes:				
Upon s	Upon successful completion of this course, the student will be able to				
COs	COs Statements				
CO1	To understand number system and methods for conversion from one number system to another	K1			
CO2	To understand file system, synchronization and memory management.	K2			
CO3	To classify the operating system, its type, features and common components	К3			
CO4	To compare the computer network, protocols and network devices	K4			
K1	K1 – Remember, K2 – Understand, K3 – Apply, K4 – Analyze, K5 – Evaluate, K6 – Create				

	Mapping (COs vs POs)								
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	S	S	S	M	M	M	L	L	L
CO2	S	S	M	M	M	L	L	L	L
CO3	S	S	S	M	M	M	L	L	L
CO4	S	S	S	S	L	L	L	L	L
CO5	S	S	S	S	M	M	L	L	L

S - Strong, M - Medium, L - Low



Semester: II	Course Code: 23UFSSE03	Hours/Week: 2	Credit: 2	
COURSE TITLE: SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE III - GUIDANCE AND				
COUNSELING				

- 1. Understanding the purpose, goals, and principles of guidance and counseling in educational and personal development contexts.
- 2. Developing essential counseling skills, including active listening, empathy, rapport-building, questioning techniques, and conflict resolution
- 3. Facilitating group counseling sessions, understanding group dynamics, and utilizing group counseling techniques to address common issues.

Learning Objectives:

- 1. Identify and explain key theories and models relevant to counseling practice.
- 2. Develop effective counseling skills, including active listening, empathy, rapport-building, and questioning techniques.
- 3. Apply ethical principles, boundaries, and legal considerations in counseling practice.
- 4. Utilize assessment tools and techniques to identify clients' strengths, needs, and goals.
- 5. Facilitate group counseling sessions, understanding group dynamics, and utilizing group counseling techniques

Unit - I	Introduction to Guidance	09 Hours
		07 == 0 0== 10

Introduction to Counseling: Meaning, Definition, Need and Importance of counseling and Professional ethics in counseling.

Unit - II	Principles of Counseling	09 Hours
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Basic Principles of Counseling: Participation, Individualization, Confidentiality, communication, acceptance, self-confidence, self-awareness and other principles governing the Counseling relationship.

Unit - III	Types of Counseling	09 Hours
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Types of Counseling- Individual, Group & Family Counseling, Counseling process, Interview and its significance in counseling - Use of observation in counseling and understanding of Emotions in counseling. Qualities of a Counselor.

Unit - IV	Techniques of Counseling	09 Hours
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Opening Techniques, Reflection of feelings, Acceptance technique, structuring techniques,



silence as a technique, leading technique, interpretation technique, Techniques of group Counseling, strategies and structure - barriers to effective counseling sessions; Counseling evaluation.

Unit - V Specialized Counseling 09 Hour

Premarital and post marital counseling, Counseling children, counseling old people,
Interpersonal conflict management, counseling AIDS patients, Counseling for De-addiction Effectiveness of counseling and guidance in the treatment of offenders and victims.

Text Book(s):

- **1.** Beck A.T (1976) Cognitive therapy and the emotional disorders, International Universities Press, New York.
- **2.** Corey, G. (1986) Theory and practice of counseling and psychotherapy, Monterey: Brooks/Cole

Reference Books:

- 1. Corsini, R.J (Ed) (1984) Current Psychotherapies, Itasca, III: Peacock
- 2. Davison, G.C., and Neale, J.M. (1986) Abnormal Psychology, Wiley, New York

Web Resources:

- 1. https://onlinecourses.swayam2.ac.in/ntr20_ed21/preview
- 2. https://www.classcentral.com/course/swayam-guidance-and-counselling-20240

Learning Outcomes:				
Upon successful completion of this course, the student will be able to				
COs	Statements	Bloom's Level		
CO1	Understand the foundational concepts and ethical principles essential for effective counseling practice.	K1		
CO2	Apply various counseling techniques and strategies to facilitate client growth and problem resolution	K2		
CO3	Differentiate between different types of counseling and their respective approaches and application	К3		
CO4	Demonstrate proficiency in conducting individual, group, and specialized counseling sessions.	K4		
CO5	Evaluate the effectiveness of counseling interventions in addressing diverse client needs and issues	K5		
K1 – Remember, K2 – Understand, K3 – Apply, K4 – Analyze, K5 – Evaluate, K6 – Create				



Mapping (COs vs POs)									
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	S	S	S	S	M	M	L	L	L
CO2	S	S	S	S	M	L	L	L	L
CO3	S	M	M	M	M	L	L	L	L
CO4	S	S	S	S	M	M	L	L	L
CO5	S	S	S	S	M	M	L	L	L

S - Strong, M - Medium, L - Low

Semester: III	Course Code: 23UFS05	Hours/Week: 5	Credit: 5				
COUR	COURSE TITLE: CORE COURSE V- FORENSIC CHEMISTRY						

- 1. Focus on the identification and characterization of various petroleum products using forensic chemistry techniques.
- 2. Overview of forensic chemistry principles and applications in criminal investigations
- 3. Explains Narcotics, Drugs, Psychotropic Substances

Learning Objectives:

- 1. To Obtain a general knowledge of the basic principles and functions of inorganic, organic and physical chemistry
- 2. To provide an understanding of the applications of forensic chemistry.
- 3. To learn about the analysis of substances under forensic chemistry.
- 4. Analyze arson and petroleum exhibits.
- 5. Assess the exhibits encountered in explosion cases.

Unit - I Basics of Forensic C	hemistry 14 Hours
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Definition and introduction; Types of cases and exhibits in forensic chemistry; Cement: types, adulteration and analysis; Trap cases: types and chemistry of detective dyes, detection of phenolphthalein, instrumental analysis; Analysis of adulterants in food, water, metals and non-metals. Salient features of Drug and Cosmetics Act, 1940.



Unit- II	Petroluem and Pertroleum Products	13 Hours
Unit- II	Petroluem and Pertroleum Products	13 Hours

Petroleum and Petroleum Products - Distillation and fractionation of petroleum. Commercial uses of different petroleum fractions. Analysis of petroleum products. Analysis of traces of petroleum Products in forensic exhibits. Comparison of petroleum products. Adulteration of petroleum products.

Unit -III	Arson Investigation	14 Hours
Unit -III	Arson Investigation	14 Hours

Chemistry of arson. Condition for fire. Fire scene patterns. Location of point of ignition.

Recognition of types of fire. Searching the fire scene. Collection and preservation of arson Evidence. Analysis of fire debris. Analysis of ignitable residue. Post-flashover of burning.

Scientific investigation and evaluation of clue materials. Information from smoke staining.

Unit - IV Explosives and its Classification 16 Hours
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Explosives - Classification of explosives – low explosives and high explosives.

Homemade explosives. Military explosives. Blasting agents.

Synthesis and characteristics of TNT, PETN and RDX. Explosion process.

Blast waves. Bomb scene management. Searching the scene of explosion.

Unit - V Narcotics, Drugs, Psychotropic Substances 1	5 Hours
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Narcotics, Drugs, Psychotropic Substances and Alcoholic Beverages – Natural and synthetic.

Drug dependence. Classification of drugs of abuse – narcotics, hallucinogens, depressants, Stimulants and anabolic steroids. Withdrawal symptoms.

Text Book(s):

- 1. R. Saferstein, Criminalistics, 8th Edition, Prentice Hall, New Jersey (2004).
- 2. F.G. Hofmann, A Handbook on Drug and Alcohol Abuse, 2nd Edition, Oxford University Press, New York (1983).
- 3. Aggrawal, A. (2017). Textbook of Forensic Medicine and Toxicology. APC Publisher.

Reference Books:

- 1. A.A. Moenssens, J. Starrs, C.E. Henderson and F.E. Inbau, Scientific Evidence in Civil and Criminal Cases, 4th Edition, The Foundation Press, Inc., New York (1995).
- 2. DeHaan, J.D (2013). Kirk's fire investigation; 3rd Edition. New Jersey; Prentice Hall.
- 3. Saferstein, R (2015). Criminalistics; 8th Edition. New Jersey; Prentice Hall.
- 4. Crippin, J. B. (2017). Explosives and Chemical Weapons Identification. Ukraine: Taylor & Francis.
- 5. Meyer, R., Köhler, J., & Homburg, A. (2016). Explosives. John Wiley & Sons.



Web Resources:

- 1. https://www.khanacademy.org/science/class-11-chemistry-india
- 2. https://onlinecourses.swayam2.ac.in/nce19_sc15/preview

Teaching Methodology: Videos, Audios, PPT, Role Play, Field Visit, Seminar, Chalk & Talk, Lecturing, Case Study, Demonstration. Problem Solving, Group Discussion, Flipped Learning

Learn	Learning Outcomes:						
Upon s	successful completion of this course, the student will be able to						
COs	Statements	Bloom's Level					
CO1	Students will understand forensic chemistry basics, case types, and exhibit analysis methods.	K1					
CO2	They'll learn about cement, its types, adulteration, detective dyes, and instrumental analysis.	K2					
CO3	Focus will be on analyzing adulterants in various substances and understanding the Drug and Cosmetics Act.	К3					
CO4	Students will grasp petroleum distillation, product analysis, and detection of traces in exhibits.	K4					
CO5	They'll explore arson investigation, fire chemistry, evidence collection, and analysis of fire debris.	K5					
K1 – Remember, K2 – Understand, K3 – Apply, K4 – Analyze, K5 – Evaluate, K6 – Create							

	Mapping (COs vs POs)								
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	S	S	S	S	M	M	L	L	L
CO2	S	S	S	S	M	L	L	L	L
CO3	S	M	M	M	M	L	L	L	L
CO4	S	S	S	S	M	M	L	L	L
CO5	S	S	S	S	M	M	L	L	L

S - Strong, M - Medium, L - Low



Semester: III	Course Code: 23UFS06	Hours/Week: 5	Credit: 3			
COURSE TITLE: CORE COURSE VI: FORENSIC CHEMISTRY LAB						

- Understand the Methods for analyzing diesel fuel, focusing on composition, contaminants, and quality assessment.
- 2. To understand Investigative methods to detect and analyze accelerants used in arson cases.
- 3. Explain the analytical methods for drug identification and analysis.
- 4. Explain Crime scene investigation and chain of custody procedures for arson cases

Learning Objectives:

- 1. To provide a broad foundation in chemistry that stresses scientific reasoning and analytical problem solving with a molecular perspective.
- 2. Perform detailed analysis of diesel samples to determine composition and detect potential contaminants.
- 3. Investigate kerosene oil through chemical analysis to ensure product authenticity and detect adulteration
- 4. Explore techniques for detecting and quantifying adulterants in petroleum products to address issues of contamination and fraud.
- 5. Identify and analyze accelerators used in arson cases, aiding in fire investigations.
 - 1. To analyze gasoline using TLC and Qualitative instrument.
 - 2. To carry out analysis of diesel.
 - 3. To carry out analysis of kerosene oil.
 - 4. To analyze arson accelerators.
 - 5. To prepare a case report on a case involving arson.
 - 6. To carry out analysis of explosive substances.
 - 7. To separate explosive substances using thin layer chromatography.
 - 8. To prepare a case report on bomb scene management.

Text Book(s):

1. R. Saferstein, Criminalistics, 8th Edition, Prentice Hall, New Jersey (2004).



Reference Books:

- 1. W.J. Tilstone, M.L. Hastrup and C. Hald, Fisher's, Techniques of Crime Scene Investigation, CRC Press, Boca Raton (2013).
- 2. S. Ballou, M. Houck, J.A. Siegel, C.A. Crouse, J.J. Lentini and S. Palenik in Forensic Science, D.H. Ubelaker (Ed.), Wiley-Blackwell, Chichester (2013).

Web Resources:

- 1. https://ugcmoocs.inflibnet.ac.in/index.php/courses/viewpg/692
- 2. https://onlinecourses.swayam2.ac.in/nce19_sc15/preview

Teaching Methodology: Videos, Audios, PPT, Role Play, Field Visit, Seminar, Chalk & Talk, Lecturing, Case Study, Demonstration, Problem Solving, Group Discussion, Flipped Learning

Learn	ing Outcomes:						
Upon s	successful completion of this course, the student will be able to						
COs	Statements	Bloom's Level					
CO1	Develop skills in preparing comprehensive case reports on arson and bomb scene management	K1					
CO2	Students will demonstrate proficiency in analyzing various petroleum products using TLC and qualitative instruments	K2					
CO3	Learners will conduct precise analyses of diesel and kerosene oil, interpreting results accurately.	К3					
CO4	Participants will identify and analyze arson accelerators, applying appropriate forensic techniques.	K4					
CO5	Apply acquired knowledge to contribute effectively in forensic investigations involving petroleum products and explosives.	K5					
K1	K1 – Remember, K2 – Understand, K3 – Apply, K4 – Analyze, K5 – Evaluate, K6 – Create						

	Mapping (COs vs POs)								
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	S	S	S	S	M	M	L	L	L
CO2	S	S	S	M	S	M	L	M	L
CO3	S	S	S	S	S	M	L	M	L
CO4	S	S	S	M	L	L	L	L	L
CO5	S	S	S	M	M	L	M	L	L

S - Strong, M - Medium, L - Low



Semester: III	Course Code: 23UFSE03	Hours/Week: 4	Credit: 4			
COURSE TITLE: ELECTIVE 3: HUMAN RIGHTS AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE						
ADMINISTRATION						

- 1. Explains Fundamental principles and historical development.
- 2. Understanding the interplay between human rights and criminal law
- 3. Examining the balance between law enforcement and civil liberties.
- 4. Analyzing global approaches to human rights in criminal justice administration

Learning Objectives:

- 1. To impart knowledge and develop skills relating to application of criminological and enological thoughts in the administration of criminal justice system.
- 2. Understand the foundational principles of human rights and their significance in the context of criminal justice administration
- 3. Analyze the intersection between international human rights laws and domestic criminal justice systems.
- 4. Examine the impact of cultural diversity on the implementation of human rights in criminal justice practices
- 5. Understand the Universal Declaration of Human Rights (UDHR) principles and their implications in the context of criminal justice administration

Un	it - I				11111	oduction		14 Hours	
		_	 		,	0.77			

Human Rights - Definition, Theories, forms / types of Human Rights

Unit - II National and International Instriuments 13 Hour	
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UDHR (Universal Declaration of Human Rights); ICCPR (International Covenant on Civil and

Political Rights); ICESCR (International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights);

Constitution of India - Part III and Part IV; Protection of Human Rights Act 1993.

Unit - III	Human Rights and Crimnial Justice Agencies	14 Hours
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Custodial violence; Handcuffing; Rights of the accused; Rights of prisoners, Rights of

victims of human rights violations

Unit - IV	Human Rights Violation	15 Hours
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Human rights violations of Women, Children, Minorities, Refugees, SC/STs, Elderly people.

Unit - V Human Rights Agencies	16 Hours
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Human rights agencies- National Human Rights Commission (NHRC) and state



Human Rights Commission (SHRC) - role, structure and functioning; UN organizations Amnesty International, Human Rights Watch.

Text Book(s):

- 1. Human rights: A source book, (1996) NCERT publications, New Delhi
- 2. Thilagaraj. R. (Ed) (2002) Human Rights and Criminal Justice Administration, APH
- 3. Subramanian S. (1997) Human Rights: International Challenges, Manas Publications New Delhi.

Reference Books:

1. Human rights Today – A United Nations Priority, U.N. Publications Department of Public information, United Nation, New York.

Web Resources:

- 1. https://onlinecourses.swayam2.ac.in/cec21_hs08/preview
- 2. https://onlinecourses.swayam2.ac.in/cec20_hs24/preview

Teaching Methodology: Videos, Audios, PPT, Role Play, Field Visit, Seminar, Chalk & Talk, Lecturing, Case Study, Demonstration, Problem Solving, Group Discussion, Flipped Learning

Learn	Learning Outcomes:				
Upon s	Upon successful completion of this course, the student will be able to				
COs	Statements	Bloom's Level			
CO1	Analyze the relevance and implementation of Human Rights in the Constitution of India, specifically focusing on Part III (Fundamental Rights) and Part IV (Directive Principles of State Policy).	K1			
CO2	Explore the functions and roles of key institutions such as State Human Rights Commissions (SHRC) and the National Human Rights Commission (NHRC) in safeguarding human rights within the criminal justice system.	K2			
CO3	Examine the impact of human rights violations on individuals and communities, fostering awareness of the ethical responsibilities within criminal justice administration.	K3			
CO4	Evaluate case studies and legal precedents related to human rights issues, developing a nuanced understanding of the complexities in balancing justice and human rights.	K4			
CO5	Apply knowledge acquired to propose effective strategies and reforms that promote the protection and enhancement of human rights in the criminal justice system.	K5			
K1	– Remember, K2 – Understand, K3 – Apply, K4 – Analyze, K5 – Evaluate, K6 –	Create			



	Mapping (COs vs. POs)								
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	S	S	S	M	M	M	L	L	L
CO2	S	S	M	L	M	L	L	L	L
CO3	S	S	S	S	M	M	M	L	L
CO4	S	S	S	M	L	M	L	L	L
CO5	S	S	L	M	M	S	L	L	L

S - Strong, M - Medium, L - Low

Semester: III	Course Code: 23UFSSE04	Hours/Week: 3	Credit: 2	
COURSE TITLE: SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSE IV: INTRODUCTION TO BIOMETRY				

- 1. Overview of biometric systems, including definition, characteristics, and operations.
- 2. In-depth exploration of key biometric processes: enrollment, identification, and verification.
- 3. Examination of types of errors that can occur after positive and negative identification.
- In-depth study of physiological biometrics such as fingerprints, palm prints, iris, retina, and geometry of hand and face.

Learning Objectives:

- 1. Students should be able to articulate a clear definition of a biometric system and understand its fundamental characteristics.
- 2. Classify biometric systems into physiological and behavioral categories, comprehending the distinctions and applications of each.
- 3. Assess the strengths and weaknesses of physiological and behavioral biometrics, with a focus on the processes of enrollment, identification, and verification.
- 4. Examine the concept of multimodal biometrics, understanding its advantages and potential applications in enhancing security.
- 5. Apply performance measures (FAR, FRR, GAR, FTA, FTE, and ATV) to assess the efficiency and accuracy of biometric systems in positive and negative identifications.



Unit - I	Fundamental Aspects	11 Hours
	i diadificitai rispects	II IIUUI S

Definition, characteristics and operation of biometric system.

Classification of biometric systems – physiological and behavioral.

Unit - II Biometric Modalities and Processes 11 Ho
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Strength and weakness of physiological and behavioral biometrics. Multimodal

Biometrics. Key biometric processes – enrollment, identification and verification.

Unit - III	Introduction to Biometry	13 Hours
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Positive and negative identification. Types of error after positive and negative

Identification. Performance measures used in biometric systems – FAR (False Acceptance Rate), FRR (False Rejection Rate), GAR (Genuine Accept Rate), FTA (False Touch Acceptance), FTE (False Touch Rejection) and ATV (Attack Tolerance Value). Biometric versus traditional

Technologies.

Unit - IV	Unit - IV Physiological Biometrics							
Fingerprints, palm prints, iris, retina, geometry of hand and face.								
Unit - V Behavioral Biometrics 13 Hours								

Handwriting, signatures, keystrokes, gait and voice.

Text Book(s):

- 1. S. Nanavati, M. Thieme and R. Nanavati, Biometrics, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd. (2002).
- 2. J.R. Vacca, Biometric Technologies and Verification Systems, Butterworth- Heinemann, Oxford (2007)

Reference Books:

1. P. Reid, Biometrics for Network Security, New Delhi (2004).

Web Resources:

- 1. https://et.iupui.edu/departments/ece/courses/ece/51000
- 2. https://eunice-university.eu/course/biometrics-introduction-and-fundamentals-2/

Teaching Methodology: Videos, Audios, PPT, Role Play, Field Visit, Seminar, Chalk & Talk, Lecturing, Case Study, Demonstration, Problem Solving, Group Discussion, Flipped Learning



	Learning Outcomes: Upon successful completion of this course, the student will be able to					
COs	COs Statements					
CO1	To define and explain the fundamental aspects of biometric systems.	K1				
CO2	To Classify biometric systems based on physiological and behavioral characteristics.	K2				
CO3	Analyze various types of errors that can occur during identification processes.	К3				
CO4	Evaluate the strengths and weaknesses of physiological and behavioral biometrics.	K4				
CO5	Compare and contrast the performance of biometric systems with traditional technologies.	K5				
K1 -	Remember, K2 – Understand, K3 – Apply, K4 – Analyze, K5 – Evaluate, K6 –	- Create				

Mapping (COs vs. POs)										
	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 PO8 PO9									
CO1	S	S	S	M	M	M	L	L	L	
CO2	S	S	S	S	M	M	L	L	L	
CO3	S	S	L	M	M	L	L	L	L	
CO4	S	S	S	M	L	M	M	L	L	
CO5	S	M	S	S	L	M	M	L	L	

S - Strong, M - Medium, L - Low



Semester: III	Course Code: 23UFSSE05	Hours/Week: 2	Credit: 2
COURSE TITLE:	SKILL ENHANCEMENT (COURSE V: CYBER	R CRIME AND CYBER
	LAV	V	

- 1. Understand the nature of cyber-crimes, classify them into different types, and evaluate their implications on individuals and organizations.
- 2. Examine the historical development of the internet, define the concept of cyberspace, and analyze hacking techniques.
- 3. Explore the legal framework governing cyber activities, including the Information Technology Act, and grasp the ethical considerations in cyberspace.
- 4. Set up and manage a digital forensic lab, following standard operating procedures, and ensuring the proper handling of digital evidence.

Learning Objectives:

- 1. Investigate the historical development of the internet, the concept of cyberspace, and the techniques involved in hacking.
- 2. Learn the process of evaluating digital crime scenes, including the distinction between dead and live forensics.
- 3. Understand the setup and operations of a digital forensic lab, emphasizing the importance of standard operating procedures.
- 4. Explore different types of digital evidence, methods of collection, and the chain of custody in the context of cyber forensics.
- 5. Gain an overview of digital forensic tools, with a focus on their application in evidence collection and analysis.

Cyber Crimes; Types of Cyber - crime and Financial Crimes; Hacking, Cyberspace. A Brief History of the Internet; Recognizing and Defining Computer Crimes; Contemporary Crimes; Cyber Laws and Ethics; Law Enforcement Roles And responses; Incident response; First Responder.

Unit - II	Digital Investigation	15 Hours
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Digital investigation; Digital crime scene evaluation process; Search & Seizure; Digital Forensic Lab set; Dead v/s Live Forensics; Types of Digital Evidences; Chain of Custody; Standard



Operating; Procedures of cyber - Forensics; Investigation Guidelines; overview of tools; Slack Space; Virtual paging.

Unit - III	Digital Evidence	14 Hours
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Evidence collection from different devices; Write Protect, Write Blockers, Disk

Imaging, Date recovery, Volatile and Non - Volatile Data Acquisition and Analysis,

File Systems and Signatures, Registry Forensics, Email analysis and IP,

Stenography, Cryptography, Card crimes.

Unit - IV	Metadata Analysis	15 Hours
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Metadata Analysis; Browser Forensics; History Extraction, Integrity, Hash Value,

Data tampering, File Signature Analysis. Overview of Mobile Forensics, Network Forensics, Cloud Forensics and Malware Analysis.

Unit - V	IT ACT and Laws	15 Hours
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Introduction to IT Act 2000; Basic terms and elements of the act; Amendments made in IT Act; Electronic Governance; Certifying Authorities; Digital Signature and Electronic Signature Certificates; case study Legal Procedure to gather information from Outside India.

Text Book(s)

- 1. R.K. Tiwari, P.K. Sastry and K.V. Ravikumar, Computer Crimes and Computer Forensics, Select Publishers, New Delhi (2003).
- 2. R. Saferstein, Criminalistics, 8th Edition, Prentice Hall, New Jersey (2004)

Reference Books:

- 1. E. Casey, Digital Evidence and Computer Crime, Academic Press. London (2000).
- 2. C.B. Leshin, Internet Investigations in Criminal Justice, Prentice Hall, New Jersey (1997)

Web Resources:

- 1. https://onlinecourses.swayam2.ac.in/cec20cs15/preview
- 2. https://onlinecourses.swayam2.ac.in/ugc19hs25/preview

Teaching Methodology: Videos, Audios, PPT, Role Play, Field Visit, Seminar, Chalk & Talk, Lecturing, Case Study, Demonstration, Problem Solving, Group Discussion, Flipped Learning



	Learning Outcomes: Upon successful completion of this course, the student will be able to						
COs	COs Statements						
CO1	Understand the different theoretical and cross-disciplinary approaches.	K2					
CO2	Examine the assumptions about the behavior and role of offenders and victims in cyberspace, and use basic web-tools to explore behavior on-line.	K4					
CO3	Analyze and assess the impact of cybercrime on government, businesses, individuals and society.	K4					
CO4	CO4 Evaluate the effectiveness of cyber-security, cyber-laws.						
K1	K1 – Remember, K2 – Understand, K3 – Apply, K4 – Analyze, K5 – Evaluate, K6 – Create						

	Mapping (COs vs. POs)								
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9
CO1	S	S	S	M	M	M	L	L	L
CO2	S	S	S	M	M	S	S	M	L
CO3	S	S	S	S	M	S	M	L	L
CO4	S	S	S	M	M	S	S	M	L

S - Strong, M - Medium, L - Low